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Viewing cable 07BRASILIA2132, IRAN-RUSSIA-VENEZUELA TRIANGLE THREATENS REGIONAL

If you are new to these pages, please read an introduction on the structure of a cable as well as how to discuss them with others. See also the FAQs

Understanding cables

Every cable message consists of three parts:

- The top box shows each cables unique reference number, when and by whom it originally was sent, and what its initial classification was.
- The middle box contains the header information that is associated with the cable. It includes information about the receiver(s) as well as a general subject.
- The bottom box presents the body of the cable. The opening can contain a more specific subject, references to other cables (browse by origin to find them) or additional comment. This is followed by the main contents of the cable: a summary, a collection of specific topics and a comment section.

To understand the justification used for the classification of each cable, please use this WikiSource article as reference.

Discussing cables

If you find meaningful or important information in a cable, please link directly to its unique reference number. Linking to a specific paragraph in the body of a cable is also possible by copying the appropriate link (to be found at theparagraph symbol). Please mark messages for social networking services like Twitter with the hash tags #cablegate and a hash containing the reference ID e.g. #07BRASILIA2132.

Released Classification Reference ID Created Origin 07BRASILIA2132 2007-11-13 14:41 2011-08-30 01:44 SECRET Embassy Brasilia Appears in these articles:

http://www.elnuevoherald.com/2011/07/18/986234/wikileaks-eeuu-fue-alertado-sobre.html

VZCZCXRO9093

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VZCZCXRO9093
PP RUEHRR
DP RUEHBR #2132/01 3171441
ZNY SSSSS ZH
P 131441Z NOV 07 ZDK
FM AMEMBASSY BRASILIA
TO RUEHC/SECSTATE WASHDC PRIORITY 0429
INFO RUEHAD/AMEMBASSY ABU DHABI 0012
RUEHUNV/USMISSION UNVIE VIENNA
RHEBAAA/DEPT OF ENERGY WASHDC
RUEHBC/AMEMBASSY ASUNCION 6402
RUEHBO/AMEMBASSY ASUNCION 6402
RUEHBO/AMEMBASSY BUENOS AIRES 5121
RUEHCV/AMEMBASSY BUENOS AIRES 5121
RUEHCV/AMEMBASSY CARACAS 3862
RUEHBG/AMEMBASSY GEORGETOWN 1361
RUEHGE/AMEMBASSY GEORGETOWN 1361
RUEHLP/AMEMBASSY LA PAZ 5760
RUEHPE/AMEMBASSY LIMA 3635
RUEHMN/AMEMBASSY MONTEVIDEO 7095
RUEHMO/AMEMBASSY MOSCOW 0343
RUGHOT/AMEMBASSY MUSCUW 0343
RUEHOT/AMEMBASSY SANTIAGO 6532
RUEHRG/AMCONSUL RECIFE 7356
RUEHRI/AMCONSUL RIO DE JANEIRO 5418
RUEHRI/AMCONSUL SAO PAULO 1158
 RUEATTA/CTA WASHDO
 RHEHNSC/NSC WASHDC
S E C R E T SECTION 01 OF 03 BRASILIA 002132
SIPDIS
C O R R E C T E D COPY - ADDRESSEES ADDED
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UNVIE FOR AMB GREG SHULTE DOE FOR DOE/NNSA
E.O. 12958: DECL: 11/07/2017
TAGS: <u>PREL MASS BR VE XR RS</u>
TAGS: <u>PREL MASS BR VE XR RS IR</u>
SUBJECT: IRAN-RUSSIA-VENEZUELA TRIANGLE THREATENS REGIONAL STABILITY
REF: BUENOS AIRES 2191
BRASILIA 00002132 001.3 OF 003
Classified By: Ambassador Clifford M. Sobel, reasons 1.4 (b) and (d)
           (C) Summary. Iran, Russia, and Venezuela are involved
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11. (C) Summary. Iran, Russia, and Venezuela are involved in an open and growing collaboration with a common purpose to make more arms available to radical populist governments and spread anti-American ideology in the region, according to the chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations and National Defense committee. He is "truly concerned" and urges the USG to be more engaged "before it is too late." The chairman said presidential foreign policy adviser Marco Aurelio Garcia strongly recommended Ahmadinejad visit Brazil. Chairman Fortes surmised that Foreign Minister Celso Amorim was less receptive to the visit. Fortes noted that with the increasing wealth of oil-producing states, there are some that will support Russian arms purchases, and in conversation, the Deputy Minister alluded that perhaps Ecuador and even Brazil could become beneficiaries. End summary.

12. (C) During a November 5 phone call, Senator Heraclito Fortes (Democrats Party, opposition; of Piaui) asked the Ambassador to meet with him urgently to raise a matter he could not discuss on the telephone. In a meeting that afternoon, which continued the next morning, Fortes told the Ambassador, poloff, and assistant army attache that he is "truly concerned" about Iranian and Venezuelan activities in the region, including financing "friendship organizations" between congresses and even potentially financing arms sales. He described a recent meeting with the Iranian Deputy Minister for Petroleum and former Ambassador to Brazil who sought "cooperation" with Brazil, the nature of which "depends on Brazil." (Note: This is Dr. Mansour Moazami, Iranian Ambassador to Brazil from 2000 until about 2003. End note.) He spoke of Iran's growing relationship with Venezuela and Ecuador and even indicated that the recent trip of President Putin to Iran was extremely successful and dealt

with many of the difficult issues that had to be resolved. In mentioning arms sales, Chairman Fortes again underscored Iran's interest in helping Brazil, depending on Brazil own interest. The Deputy Minister told Fortes that Iran already has agreements with Bolivia and Ecuador, but it was not made clear to Fortes whether these were arms agreements.

Connecting the Dots

- ${f 13.}$ (C) Fortes sees a sequence of dots showing more Venezuelan influence and interference in the region, Iranian support for Caracas, La Paz, and Quito, and the specter of Russian arms in the region.
- 14. (C) Fortes said the Iranian Deputy Minister described President Vladimir Putin's recent visit to Iran as very good, resolving many differer
- 15. (C) Fortes continued pointing out worrisome signs:
 leftist Venezuelan, Bolivian, and Peruvian deputies who are
 trying to reactivate the Caracas-based Amazonian Parliament
 (Parlamaz) were visiting Brasilia Nov 5-8 to lobby the
 Brazilian Congress, and there are now "Bolivarian circles" in
 Brazil that media have reported as being under Venezuelan
 tutelage. Official Venezuelan diplomacy is increasingly
 commercial, with huge contracts for firms such as Brazilian
 construction giant Odebrecht, who then lobby for Venezuela,
 Fortes noted. The expanded availability of the type of arms
 in Venezuela that could be used for populist causes in Brazil
 was also of concern to the senator. Fortes said it may not
 be coincidental that Russian Deputy Foreign Minister Sergey
 Kislyak arrived in Brasilia the same day as Iranian Deputy
 Petroluem Minister and he speculated there may have been a
 three-way meeting with Brazilians, the Russian, and the
 Iranian.
- 16. (S) Iranian outreach plans in the region include another Ahmadinejad trip including Brazil, probably for the next inauguration of a Latin American president, making the trip a springboard for Iranian regional diplomacy, Fortes said. (Note: Ahmadinejad canceled a scheduled visit here last September on short notice.) Presidential foreign policy adviser Marco Aurelio Garcia supported the Iranian president's visit, which may not have been supported by Foreign Minister Celso Amorim, Fortes said, and the Iranian Deputy Minister, who was in the traveling delegation to Caracas and La Paz, said he tried everything up to the last minute to get it reinstated. Fortes added that the Deputy Minister was very disappointed at the cancellation, especially since an Iranian advance team was already on the ground in Brasilia. The senator indicated that he thought that despite Garcia's strong support for the Ahmadinejad visit, Celso Amorim may have intereceded due to the sensitivities. Sensitive reporting indicates, though that the reasons were other.

"You Are Children"

- 17. (C) Fortes strongly urged the USG to engage much more "before it is too late." The USG is "indifferent" to what is happening in the region and he urged the USG to take notice of Venezuelan, Russian, and Iranian plans in the region, saying, "You are children: you ignore a problem until it is well along and then it is too late." He suggested the USG adopt a plan for regional integration and promote arms manufacturing partnerships with Brazil and Argentina to arm the region, and said it could be done indirectly through arms firms without publicly linking the USG to the increased arms sales.
- 18. (S) Comment. Iranian and Venezuelan influence in Brazil and the region is certainly growing and mutually reinforcing, and Chairman Fortes i Sobel